

Appendix B Method of Allocating Delegates by Proportional Representation

The following example shows how to calculate the allocation of district-level delegates by presidential preference, as required by Rule 13 (See Reg. 4.26).

The Congressional District (CD) used in this illustration has five delegates to be allocated. There were four presidential candidates in the election, and a total of 100 votes were cast. Keep the following point in mind:

A presidential candidate whose vote in a district does not attain the 15% threshold of the total vote cast for all candidates in the district shall not be entitled to be awarded any delegates. (Rule 13.B.) If no presidential candidate attains the 15% threshold, the threshold shall be the percentage of the vote received (at each level of the process) by the front-runner, minus 10%. (See Rule 13.F.)

In both primary and caucus states, delegates and alternates shall be awarded to those presidential preferences that meet or exceed the threshold percentage as follows:

Step 1. Calculate to three decimals the percentage of vote that each Presidential preference received.

<i>Example:</i>	<u>Candidate</u>	<u>Votes Rec'd</u>	<u>% of Vote</u>
	A	46	.460
	B	29	.290
	C	21	.210
	D	4	.040

Step 2. Identify those preferences who met the 15% threshold and total their sums. This will be the new base vote. Then recalculate to three decimals the percentage of the vote that each Presidential preference received against the new base vote.

Example: In Step 1 above, Candidate D did not meet the threshold, so the total vote of candidates exceeding the threshold is 96. The recalculated percentages for the remaining candidates are:

<u>Candidate</u>	<u>Base Votes Rec'd</u>	<u>New % of Vote</u>
A	46	.479
B	29	.302
C	21	.219

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Step 3. Multiply the percentage for each preference in Step 2 by the number of delegates to be awarded in the CD. Calculate the figure to three decimals.

Example:

<u>Candidate</u>	<u>Votes x Delegates</u>	<u>Delegate Allocation</u>
A	.479 x 5	2.395
B	.302 x 5	1.510
C	.219 x 5	1.095

Step 4. Each preference shall be entitled to the whole number of delegates assigned in Step 3.

Example:

<u>Candidate</u>	<u>Number of Delegates</u>
A	2
B	1
C	1
To be allocated	1

Step 5. Any remaining delegate are awarded in the order of the highest fractional remainders for the final tally.

Example: (As determined in Step 3 above, Candidate B had the highest fractional remainder with .510)

<u>Candidate</u>	<u>Number of Delegates</u>
A	2
B	2
C	1

Step 6. Allocate the delegate between men and women in accordance with the equal divisions provisions of the state Delegate Selection Plan.